

OMY ASSIGNMENT 2 - SPRING 2007

1. (a) $x^2 - 9 = 0 \Leftrightarrow x^2 = 9 \Leftrightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{9} \Leftrightarrow \underline{x = 3 \text{ or } x = -3}$

(b) $x^2 + 9 = 0 \Leftrightarrow x^2 = -9 \Leftrightarrow \underline{\text{no solutions } x \in \mathbb{R}}$

(c) $x^2 - 9 = 3 \Leftrightarrow x^2 = 12 \Leftrightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{12} = \pm 2\sqrt{3} \Leftrightarrow \underline{x = 2\sqrt{3} \text{ or } x = -2\sqrt{3}}$

(d) $2x^2 + 3x + 1 = 0 \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1}}{4} = \frac{-3 \pm 1}{4} \Leftrightarrow \underline{x = -1 \text{ or } x = -\frac{1}{2}}$

2. (a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{(\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x})^2}{(\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x})(\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x})} = \frac{(1+x) + (1-x) + 2\sqrt{(1+x)(1-x)}}{(1+x) - (1-x)}$$
$$= \frac{2 + 2\sqrt{1-x^2}}{2x} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{x}$$

so for $x = \frac{3}{5}$ we get
$$\frac{\sqrt{1+x} + \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{1+x} - \sqrt{1-x}} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1-x^2}}{x} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{1 - (\frac{3}{5})^2}}{\frac{3}{5}}$$
$$= \frac{1 + \sqrt{\frac{25}{25} - \frac{9}{25}}}{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$= \frac{1 + \frac{4}{5}}{\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{\frac{9}{5}}{\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{9}{5} \cdot \frac{5}{3} = \underline{3}$$

(b) $f(x) = x - \frac{1}{x}$ and $g(x) = 3x^2 + 1$

so $f(x) + g(x) = x - \frac{1}{x} + 3x^2 + 1 = \underline{3x^2 + x - \frac{1}{x} + 1} = (3x^3 + x^2 + x - 1)/x$

$f(x) \cdot g(x) = (x - \frac{1}{x})(3x^2 + 1) = 3x^3 - 3x + x - \frac{1}{x} = \underline{3x^3 - 2x - \frac{1}{x}} = (3x^4 - 2x^2 - 1)/x$

$f(x)/g(x) = (x - \frac{1}{x})/(3x^2 + 1) = (x^2 - 1)/x(3x^2 + 1)$

$$= \underline{\frac{x^2 - 1}{3x^2 + 1}}$$

(c)
$$\frac{(6a+b)^2 - 9a^2}{(6a+b)^2 - b^2} = \frac{((6a+b) + 3a)((6a+b) - 3a)}{((6a+b) + b)((6a+b) - b)} = \frac{(9a+b)(3a+b)}{(6a+2b)(6a)}$$

$$= \underline{\frac{9a+b}{2a}}$$

(d)
$$\frac{a\sqrt{b} + b\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} = \frac{\sqrt{ab}(\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b})}{\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}} = \underline{\sqrt{ab}}$$